

Boston ENET Exit Strategies: Cashing-In



Types of Transactions
and Valuation Factors

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Types of Exits

- IPO
- M&A

- Few and far between
- Considered the ultimate “homerun,” but is it really...
- Not necessarily “cashing-out”
 - 180+ day lock-up
 - Insider trading laws
 - Public markets reaction to large sales by insiders
- Sarbanes-Oxley has significantly increased the cost of being a public company
- Variations:
 - Foreign markets such as AIM
 - IPO followed shortly by sale
 - Sale of Company after filing for IPO but before IPO goes effective

- Typical form of transaction for selling entire company
 - Asset sale
 - Stock Purchase
 - Merger

- Form of consideration is the key to “cashing-out”
 - Cash versus stock
 - Liquid versus illiquid stock

- Alternative “cashing out” transactions:
 - Leveraged recapitalization
 - Sale of majority interest, with some management “rollover”
 - Sale of significant stake, with option to purchase remainder at a formula price in the future
 - Sale of major line of business with spin off of subsidiary business
 - License or sale of key intellectual property

■ Common Valuation Metrics

- EBITDA multiples
- Revenue Multiples
- Discounted Cash Flow

Valuation

- Value influencers beyond financial metrics:
 - Intellectual property
 - Customer lists
 - Unique products
 - Competitive advantage
 - Monopolistic market / patent-protected products
 - Brand identity and reputation
 - Potential synergies a target could bring to an acquiror